

KLASA VII – czasowniki modalne
"can", "have to", "must"
- powtórka

1. Uzupełnij dialog wybierając poprawną formę czasowników modalnych „can”, „have to” lub „must”.

Ali: I'm so pleased ⁹you *can / have to* come to my house tonight, Ben.

Ben: Yes, but I ¹*can't / don't have to* stay too late. My parents say that I ²*can / have to* be back home by 9.30.

Ali: That's OK. It gives us lots of time to play games or watch TV. My parents aren't very strict. They say I ³*mustn't / don't have to* take food to my bedroom, but I ⁴*can't / don't have to* tell them what programme I'm watching or which game I'm playing. You ⁵*can / have to* choose what to play if you like.

Ben: Thanks. My dad says he ⁶*has to / doesn't have to* check all of my games and tells me to stop playing after 20 minutes – it's really boring!

Ali: And ⁷*do you have to / can you* show him all your films too?

Ben: Of course! But I have some others that I don't tell him about! You ⁸*don't have to / mustn't* tell him, though.

Ali: Of course not!

2. Uzupełnij zdania używając: “can, can't, have to, has to, don't have to, doesn't have to, mustn't”. Użyj każdą opcję tylko raz.

0 I can go to bed late tonight – it's the weekend!

1 I _____ have my own Facebook page – I'm too young.

2 Juan's mum says he _____ go to bed now – it's really late!

3 You _____ drop litter – it's against the law.

4 Claire and Toni _____ catch the bus – they have enough money.

5 Do you really _____ leave now? It's still quite early.

6 Piotr _____ buy a ticket for the concert – he's already got one.

7 Are you sure that we _____ tell your mum and dad we're going to be late? They might get worried.